Responding to Shipment Delays: The Roles of Operational Flexibility & Lead-time Visibility Aditya Jain

Indian School of Business

Shipment Delays

Complex Logistics of Global Sourcing

Port Congestion due to High Trade Volumes

New Security Measures for Custom Clearance

External Causes (Weather, Labor Strikes etc)

How do Firms Respond?

- Higher Inventory Levels
- Expediting Shipments
- Back-up Sourcing

Role of Information Technology

Literature (Supply Uncertainty)

- Song and Zipkin (1996), Chen and Yu (2005)
 Stochastic Lead-time, Information Sharing
- Anupindi and Akella (1994)
 Yield and Lead-time uncertainty, Dual Sourcing

Tomlin (2005), Tomlin and Snyder (2006) Mitigation & Contingency Strategies for Supply Chain Disruptions



Response Strategies : Two Dimensions

- Operational Flexibility
 - Additional Resources for Faster Replenishment
- Lead-time Visibility
 - Information on Lead-time in Advance

Operational Flexibility

- Zero Operational Flexibility
 No additional recourses
 - No additional resources..
- Logistics Flexibility
 - Expedite Orders using Faster Transportation Mode
- Sourcing Flexibility
 - Order with a Faster and Expensive Alternative Supplier



 L_i : Time at which the realization of lead-time is learned





 $L_i > 0$ No Lead-time Visibility

 $L_i = 0$ Full Lead-time Visibility: Place Orders with Full Information

No Lead-time Visibility (Base Case ZN)



where
$$G(S, D_{(0,t]}) = \mathbb{E}\left[h(S - D_{(0,t]})^+ + p(D_{(0,t]} - S)^+\right]$$

No Lead-time Visibility (Base Case ZN)



$$Cost = \Theta \mathcal{G}_{(l,l+T]}(S) + \Theta \mathcal{G}_{(L,L+T]}(S)$$

where $\mathcal{G}_{(t_1,t_2]}(S) = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} G(S, D_{(0,t]}) dt$

Aditya Jain



Logistics Flexibility



Logistics Flexibility: Time Line



Ordering Decision

Expediting Decision

Logistics Flexibility No Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LN)



$$T_e < L_i$$

Ordering Decision

Expediting Decision

Both Decisions are made without Lead-time Information

No Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LN)



$$\mathcal{G}_{(T_e+l_e,l]}(x+q) + \Theta \mathcal{G}_{(l,L]}(x+Q) + \overline{\Theta} \mathcal{G}_{(l,L]}(x+q) + \mathcal{G}_{(L,T+T_e+l_e]}(x+Q)$$

No Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LN)





Logistics Flexibility

Partial Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LP)



 $0 < L_i \le T_e$

Ordering Decision

Made without Lead-time Information

Expediting Decision

Made with Lead-time Information

Partial Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LP)



Partial Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LP)

Optimal Policy



Logistics Flexibility Full Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LF)



$$L_i = 0$$

Ordering Decision

Expediting Decision

Both Decisions are made with Lead-time Information

Full Lead-time Visibility (Strategy LF)



Sourcing Flexibility



Sourcing Flexibility: Time Line

Simplifying Assumption :

Ordering Decision with Alternative Supplier at time T_a



Ordering Decision with Regular Supplier Ordering Decision with Alternative Supplier

Sourcing Flexibility

- Three Models with
 - No Lead-time Visibility (Strategy SN)
 - Partial Lead-time Visibility (Strategy SP)
 - □ Full Lead-time Visibility (Strategy *SF*)
- Optimal Policies are Not Base-Stock Policies
- Solutions with Dynamic Programs

Numerical Comparison

Cost Saving with Strategy M



Effect of Delay Probability (Logistics Flexibility)



Effect of Delay Probability (Sourcing Flexibility)



Effect of Delay Time (Logistics Flexibility)



Aditya Jain

Effect of Delay Time (Sourcing Flexibility)



Aditya Jain





Aditya Jain

Effect of Demand Rate (Logistics Flexibility)



Full Visibility Partial Visibility No Visibility 0 Flexibility & Full Visibility

Aditya Jain



Aditya Jain

Observations

Flexibility protects from long lead-times

- Lead-time visibility protects from uncertainty in lead-times
- Operational flexibility and lead-time visibility are complementary
- Partial lead-time visibility captures most of the gains with full visibility

Impact of Other Factors

- More general delays
 - Complex optimal ordering policies
 - Robust heuristics
- Fixed costs of Ordering/Freight Mode
 Reduced Flexibility (Jain, Groenevelt and Rudi)
 Scope for negotiation on Fixed vs Variable costs

Impact of other factors

Capacity constraints on freight modes
 Real options.. How to value it?
 Market for freight modes

- Information availability
 - Cost of providing information
 - Incentive to share timely information on delays

Contribution

- Model to identify impact of operational flexibility and lead-time visibility on
 Optimal policies
 - Costs
- Justification for investments in
 Logistics and sourcing flexibility
 Information system